

2011 Health Manpower Survey on Diagnostic Radiographers

2011 年有關放射診斷技師的醫療衛生服務人力統計調查

Key Findings

結果摘要

- The diagnostic radiographers (Category D) covered in the 2011 HMS were diagnostic radiographers registered with the Radiographers Board of Hong Kong under the Supplementary Medical Professions Ordinance (Chapter 359) as at the survey reference date - 31.3.2011.
 - The number of diagnostic radiographers covered was 1 473.
 - Of the 1 473 registered diagnostic radiographers covered, 707 had responded to the survey, giving an overall response rate of 48.0%. Of the 707 responding diagnostic radiographers, 670 (94.8%) were economically active*† (active) whereas 37 (5.2%) reported to be economically inactive*‡ (inactive) in the local diagnostic radiography profession (See Chart).
 - Of the 670 active diagnostic radiographers, 665 (99.3%) were practising in the local diagnostic radiography profession, two (0.3%) were seeking jobs and two (0.3%) were expecting to return to original jobs in diagnostic radiography profession and one (0.1%) was having temporary sickness during the 30 days before the survey.
 - The survey findings presented below were based on the 665 responding diagnostic radiographers practising in the local diagnostic radiography profession as at 31.3.2011. As some questionnaires contained missing information, percentages presented below may not add up to 100%.
 - (i) Eight diagnostic radiographers did not indicate their sex. Of the remaining 657 active diagnostic radiographers enumerated, 320 (48.7%) were male and 337 (51.3%) were female, giving an overall sex ratio (males per 100 females) of 95. 11 diagnostic radiographers did not indicate the age and the median age of the remaining 654 active diagnostic radiographers enumerated was 42.0 years.
 - (ii) Distribution by sector of the main job§ showed that 344 (51.7%) were working in the Hospital Authority, followed by 280 (42.1%) in the private sector and 37 (5.6%) in the Government, academic and subvented sectors.
 - (iii) 91.3% spent most of their working time on diagnostic stream, followed by 6.3% on administration / management.
- 2011 年的醫療衛生服務人力調查，涵蓋截至調查點算當日(即 2011 年 3 月 31 日)已根據《輔助醫療業條例》(第 359 章)的規定，向香港放射技師管理委員會註冊的(D 類)放射診斷技師。
 - 所涵蓋放射診斷技師的人數為 1 473 名。
 - 在統計調查所涵蓋的 1 473 名註冊放射診斷技師中，有 707 名作出回應，整體回應率為 48.0%。在回應的 707 名註冊放射診斷技師中，有 670 名(94.8%)在本港放射診斷專業從事經濟活動*†(在職)，有 37 名(5.2%)據報並非在本港放射診斷專業從事經濟活動*‡(非在本港從事業內工作)(見圖)。
 - 在 670 名在職放射診斷技師中，665 名(99.3%)在本港從事放射診斷專業，在統計日前 30 天內，兩名(0.3%)正在找尋放射診斷專業工作，兩名(0.3%)期待重返原任的放射診斷專業崗位及一名(0.1%)暫時有病在身。
 - 下文所載的統計調查結果，是根據 665 名於 2011 年 3 月 31 日在本港從事放射診斷專業的放射診斷技師所提供的資料而製備的。由於部分問卷資料不全，下文所載的百分比總和可能不等於 100%。
 - (i) 八名放射診斷技師沒有註明性別，在餘下 657 名經點算的在職放射診斷技師中，320 名(48.7%)為男性，337 名(51.3%)為女性，整體性別比率(每百名女性的男性人數)為 95。11 名放射診斷技師沒有註明年齡，而餘下 654 名經點算在職放射診斷技師的整體年齡中位數為 42.0 歲。
 - (ii) 按主要職位§所屬機構類型劃分的分布資料顯示，344 名(51.7%)放射診斷技師在醫院管理局工作，其餘依次為 280 名(42.1%)在私營機構工作及 37 名(5.6%)在政府、學術及資助機構工作。
 - (iii) 91.3%把大部分工作時間用於放射診斷，其餘依次為行政／管理(6.3%)。

* In the survey, the criteria used in defining economically active / inactive followed those recommended by the International Labour Organization, which are also being used by the Census and Statistics Department in Hong Kong.
是次統計調查中用以界定從事經濟活動及非從事經濟活動的準則，均參照國際勞工組織所提出並獲香港政府統計處所採用的建議。

† “Economically active” diagnostic radiographers comprised all “employed” and “unemployed” diagnostic radiographers. “Employed” diagnostic radiographers referred to those diagnostic radiographers practising in the diagnostic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period, while “unemployed” diagnostic radiographers referred to those diagnostic radiographers who (a) were not practising in the diagnostic radiography profession during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the survey; and (c) had sought work in the diagnostic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
“從事經濟活動”的放射診斷技師包括所有“就業”及“待業”放射診斷技師。“就業”放射診斷技師是指統計調查期間在本港從事放射診斷專業的放射診斷技師，而“待業”放射診斷技師則指(a)在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射診斷專業；(b)在統計日前 7 天內能夠上班；及(c)在統計日前 30 天內正在找尋放射診斷專業工作的放射診斷技師。

‡ “Economically inactive” diagnostic radiographers comprised the diagnostic radiographers who were not practising in the diagnostic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period, but excluding those who had been on leave during the survey period and who were “economically active” but “unemployed”.
“非從事經濟活動”的放射診斷技師包括在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射診斷專業的放射診斷技師，但不包括在統計調查期間休假及“從事經濟活動”但“待業”的放射診斷技師。

§ Main jobs referred to the jobs in which the diagnostic radiographers had spent most of their working time.
主要職位是指佔放射診斷技師大部分工作時間的職位。

(iv) The median number of hours of work (excluding meal breaks) per week of the 665 active diagnostic radiographers enumerated was 44.0 hours. 124 (18.6%) diagnostic radiographers were required to undertake on-call duty (excluding normal duty), with a median number of 20.0 hours of on-call duty (excluding normal duty) per week.

➤ Among the 37 inactive diagnostic radiographers (See Chart):

(i) Six diagnostic radiographers reported practising overseas.

(ii) 31 diagnostic radiographers reported not practising in the diagnostic radiography profession in Hong Kong and not seeking job in the local diagnostic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey. The reasons reported for not seeking job included: 17 (54.8%) were working in other professions, five (16.1%) were engaged in household duties and four (12.9%) were retired.

(iv) 經點算的665名在職放射診斷技師每週工作時數中位數(不計用膳時間)為44.0小時。124名(18.6%)放射診斷技師在現任職位中需作隨時候召工作(不計日常職務時間)，每週隨時候召工作(不計日常職務時間)時數的中位數為20.0小時。

➤ 非在本港從事業內工作的37名放射診斷技師(見圖):

(i) 六名放射診斷技師據報在外地執業。

(ii) 31名放射診斷技師據報並非在本港從事放射診斷專業工作，而在統計日前30天內亦無找尋業內工作。當中沒有尋找業內工作的原因包括：17名(54.8%)從事其他行業、五名(16.1%)料理家務及四名(12.9%)退休。

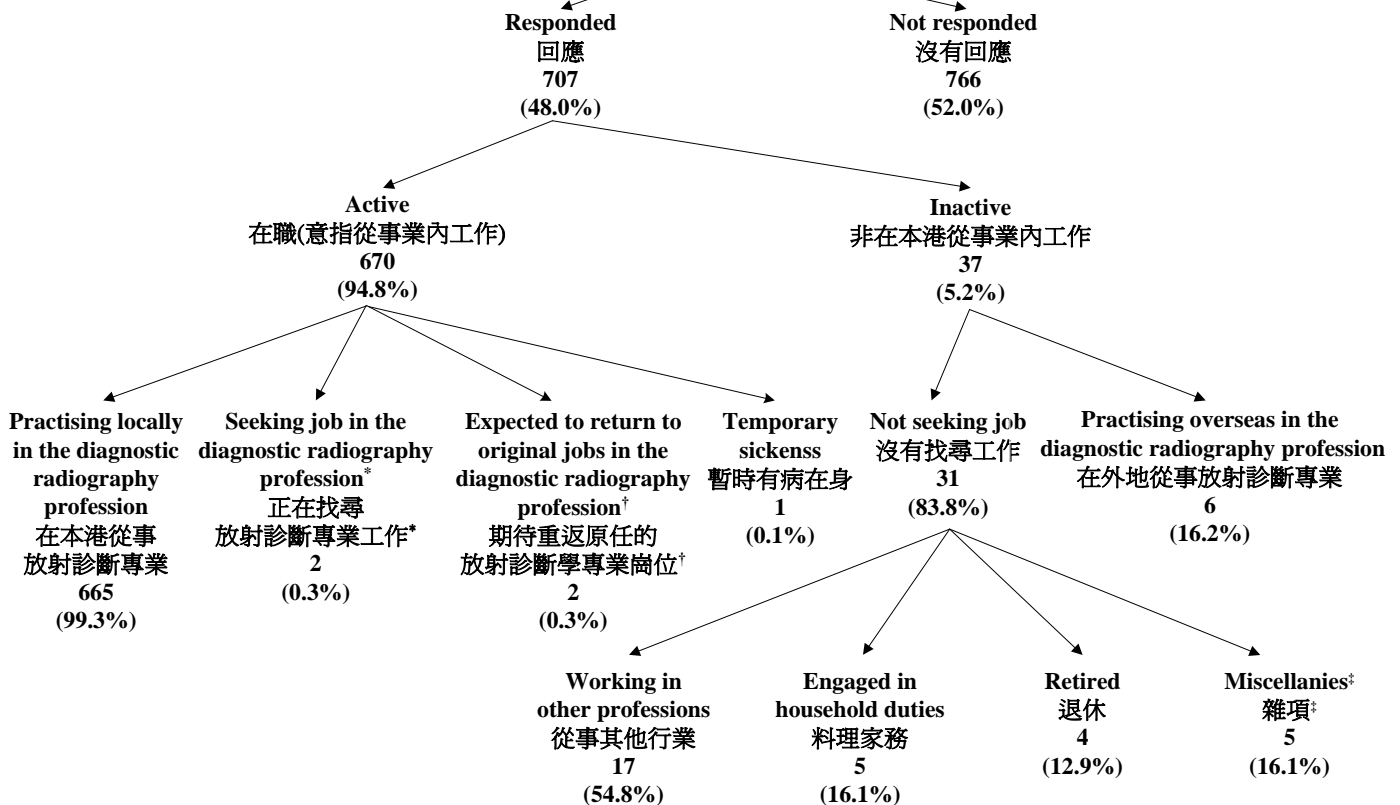
Activity Status of Diagnostic Radiographers Covered

所涵蓋放射診斷技師的經濟活動身分

Diagnostic Radiographers covered

所涵蓋的放射診斷技師

1473



Notes: * Figure refers to the number of responding diagnostic radiographers who (a) were not practising in the diagnostic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the survey; and (c) had sought work in the diagnostic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
有關數字指(a)在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射診斷專業；(b)在統計日前7天內能夠上班；及(c)在統計日前30天內正在找尋放射診斷專業工作的放射診斷技師人數。

† Figure refers to the number of responding diagnostic radiographers who (a) were not practising in the diagnostic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the survey; and (c) were expected to return to original jobs in the diagnostic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
有關數字指(a)在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射診斷專業；(b)在統計日前7天內能夠上班；及(c)在統計日前30天內期待重返原任的放射診斷專業崗位的放射診斷技師人數。

‡ Figure refers to the number of responding diagnostic radiographers who reported undertaking study, wanted to take rest / no motive to work / no financial need, etc.
有關數字指填報進修、希望休息/不想工作/財政上沒有需要等項目的放射診斷技師人數。

Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
由於進位關係，百分比的總和可能不等於100%。

2011 Health Manpower Survey on Therapeutic Radiographers

2011 年有關放射治療技師的醫療衛生服務人力統計調查

Key Findings

結果摘要

- The therapeutic radiographers (Category T) covered in the 2011 HMS were therapeutic radiographers registered with the Radiographers Board of Hong Kong under the supplementary Medical Professions Ordinance (Chapter 359) as at the survey reference date - 31.3.2011.
 - The number of therapeutic radiographers covered was 267.
 - Of the 267 registered therapeutic radiographers covered, 119 had responded to the survey, giving an overall response rate of 44.6%. Of the 119 responding therapeutic radiographers, 104 (87.4%) were economically active*† (active) whereas 15 (12.6%) reported to be economically inactive*‡ (inactive) in the local therapeutic radiography profession (*See Chart*).
 - Of the 104 active therapeutic radiographers, 102 (98.1%) were practising in the local therapeutic radiography profession, two (1.9%) were seeking jobs in the local therapeutic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
 - The survey findings presented below were based on the 102 responding therapeutic radiographers practising in the local therapeutic radiography profession as at 31.3.2011. As some questionnaires contained missing information, percentages presented below may not add up to 100%.
 - (i) Among the 102 active therapeutic radiographers enumerated, 57 (55.9%) were male and 45 (44.1%) were female, giving an overall sex ratio (males per 100 females) of 127. Four therapeutic radiographers did not indicate the age and the median age of the remaining 98 active therapeutic radiographers enumerated was 35.0 years.
 - (ii) Distribution by sector of the main job§ showed that 71 (69.6%) were working in the Hospital Authority, followed by 27 (26.5%) in the private sector and three (2.9%) in the academic sector.
 - (iii) 90.2% spent most of their working time on therapeutic stream, followed by 6.9% on administration / management and 2.9% on teaching.
- 2011 年的醫療衛生服務人力統計調查，涵蓋截至調查點算當日(即 2011 年 3 月 31 日)已根據《輔助醫療業條例》(第 359 章)的規定，向香港放射技師管理委員會註冊的(T 類)放射治療技師。
 - 所涵蓋放射治療技師的人數為 267 名。
 - 在統計調查所涵蓋的 267 名註冊放射治療技師中，有 119 名作出回應，整體回應率為 44.6%。在回應的 119 名註冊放射治療技師中，有 104 名(87.4%)在本港放射治療專業從事經濟活動*(在職)，有 15 名(12.6%)據報並非在本港放射治療專業從事經濟活動*‡(非在本港從事業內工作)(見圖)。
 - 在 104 名在職放射治療技師中，102 名(98.1%)在本港從事放射治療專業，在統計日前 30 天內，兩名(1.9%)正在找尋放射治療專業工作。
 - 下文所載的統計調查結果，是根據 102 名於 2011 年 3 月 31 日在本港從事放射治療專業的放射治療技師所提供的資料而製備的。由於部分問卷資料不全，下文所載的百分比總和可能不等於 100%。
 - (i) 在經點算的 102 名在職放射治療技師中，57 名(55.9%)為男性，45 名(44.1%)為女性，整體性別比率(每百名女性的男性人數)為 127。四名放射治療技師沒有註明年齡，而餘下 98 名經點算在職放射治療技師的整體年齡中位數為 35.0 歲。
 - (ii) 按主要職位§所屬機構類型劃分的分布資料顯示，71 名(69.6%)放射治療技師在醫院管理局工作，其餘依次為 27 名(26.5%)在私營機構工作及三名(2.9%)在學術機構工作。
 - (iii) 90.2% 把大部分工作時間用於放射治療，其餘依次為行政／管理(6.9%)及教學(2.9%)。

* In the survey, the criteria used in defining economically active / inactive followed those recommended by the International Labour Organization, which are also being used by the Census and Statistics Department in Hong Kong.
是次統計調查中用以界定從事經濟活動及非從事經濟活動的準則，均參照國際勞工組織所提出並獲香港政府統計處所採用的建議。

† “Economically active” therapeutic radiographers comprised all “employed” and “unemployed” therapeutic radiographers. “Employed” therapeutic radiographers referred to those therapeutic radiographers practising in the therapeutic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period, while “unemployed” therapeutic radiographers referred to those therapeutic radiographers who (a) were not practising in the therapeutic radiography profession during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the survey; and (c) had sought work in the therapeutic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
“從事經濟活動”的放射治療技師包括所有“就業”及“待業”放射治療技師。“就業”放射治療技師是指統計調查期間在本港從事放射治療專業的放射治療技師，而“待業”放射治療技師則指(a)在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射治療專業；(b)在統計日前 7 天內能夠上班；及(c)在統計日前 30 天內正在找尋放射治療專業工作的放射治療技師。

‡ “Economically inactive” therapeutic radiographers comprised the therapeutic radiographers who were not practising in the therapeutic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period, but excluding those who had been on leave during the survey period and who were “economically active” but “unemployed”.
“非從事經濟活動”的放射治療技師包括在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射治療專業的放射治療技師，但不包括在統計調查期間休假及“從事經濟活動”但“待業”的放射治療技師。

§ Main jobs referred to the jobs in which the therapeutic radiographers had spent most of their working time.
主要職位是指佔放射治療技師大部分工作時間的職位。

(iv) The median number of hours of work (excluding meal breaks) per week of the 102 active therapeutic radiographers enumerated was 40.0 hours. All of them were not required to undertake on-call duty (excluding normal duty).

(iv) 經點算的102名在職放射治療技師每週工作時數中位數(不計用膳時間)為40.0小時。全部放射治療技師在現任職位中不需作隨時候召工作(不計日常職務時間)。

➤ Among the 15 inactive therapeutic radiographers (See Chart):

➤ 非在本港從事業內工作的15名放射治療技師(見圖):

(i) Seven therapeutic radiographers reported practising overseas.

(i) 七名放射治療技師據報在外地執業。

(ii) Eight therapeutic radiographers reported not practising in the therapeutic radiography profession in Hong Kong and not seeking job in the local therapeutic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.

(ii) 八名放射治療技師據報並非在本港從事放射治療專業工作，而在統計日前30天內亦無找尋業內工作。

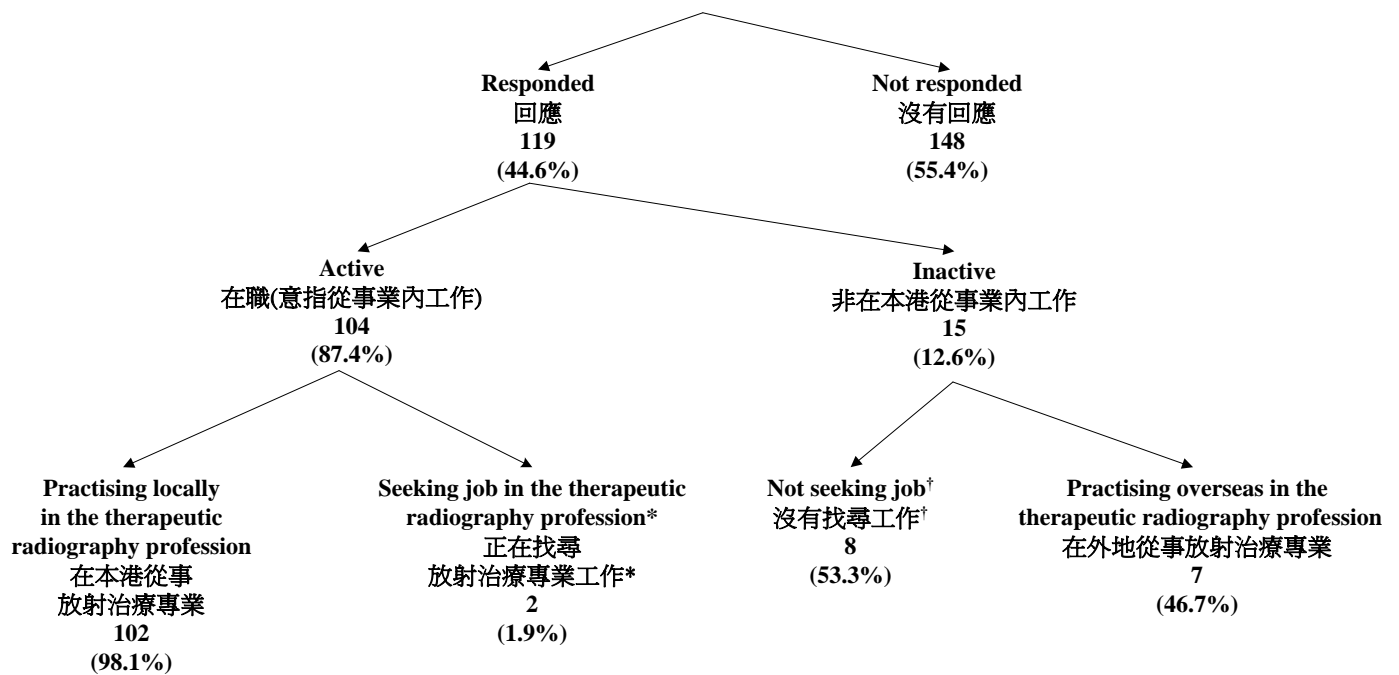
Activity Status of Therapeutic Radiographers Covered

所涵蓋放射治療技師的經濟活動身分

Therapeutic Radiographers covered

所涵蓋的放射治療技師

267



Notes:
註釋

* Figure refers to the number of responding therapeutic radiographers who (a) were not practising in the therapeutic radiography profession in Hong Kong during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the survey; and (c) had sought work in the therapeutic radiography profession during the 30 days before the survey.
有關數字指(a)在統計調查期間並非在本港從事放射治療專業；(b)在統計日前7天內能夠上班；及(c)在統計日前30天內正在找尋放射治療專業工作的放射治療技師人數。

† Figure refers to the number of responding therapeutic radiographers who reported working in other professions, engaged in household duties, etc.
有關數字指填報從事其他行業、料理家務等項目的放射治療技師人數。