

# 1996 Health Manpower Survey

## 一九九六年醫療衛生服務人力統計調查

### Summary of the Characteristics of Doctors Enumerated 經點算醫生的特徵摘要

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#### 1. All Doctors

1.1 Three types of doctors were covered in the 1996 Health Manpower Survey (HMS), namely, **doctors with full registration**, **doctors with provisional registration** and **doctors with limited registration**. They were registered on Part I (local list only), Part II and Part III of the Medical Register maintained by the Medical Council of Hong Kong respectively under the Medical Registration Ordinance (Chapter 161). Part I includes doctors who hold Bachelor of Medicine/ Surgery issued in Hong Kong (MBBS(HK)/ MBChB(CUHK)), Licentiate of Medical Council of Hong Kong (LMCHK) or other overseas qualification registrable with the Medical Council. Part II includes **interns**, who are fresh medical graduates undergoing internship training, and **externs**, who are undergoing the period of assessment and training determined by the Medical Council. Part III includes the exempted clinic doctors and those unregistrable doctors (previously termed as “seemed to be registered”) working in the public sector and teaching in the universities.

1.2 A total of 8 069 doctors were covered in the 1996 HMS, representing an increase of 16.6% over the 1992 survey (6 921). When compared with 3 230 doctors in 1980, the figure represented an average annual growth rate of 5.9%.

1.3 The numbers of interns and doctors with full registration covered in the survey both recorded increases from 1980 to 1996. On the other hand, the numbers of externs and doctors with limited registration both experienced a decreasing trend after 1984.

#### 1. 所有醫生

1.1 一九九六年醫療衛生服務人力統計調查所涵蓋的三類醫生包括**正式註冊醫生**、**臨時註冊醫生**及**有限度註冊醫生**。這三類醫生根據香港法例第161章《醫生註冊條例》分別在香港醫務委員會備存的醫生名冊第I部分(只包括本地名冊)、第II部分和第III部分內註冊。第I部分包括持有香港頒發的內外全科醫學士(MBBS(HK)/MBChB(CUHK))學位的醫生、香港醫務委員會執照(LMCHK)持有人,以及具備其他可向醫務委員會註冊的海外資歷的人士。第II部分包括醫科剛畢業並正接受駐院實習訓練的**駐院實習醫生**和正接受醫務委員會評審以及該委員會所指定的訓練的**非駐院實習醫生**。第III部分則包括豁免診療所醫生和在公營機構任職或在大學任教而不可正式註冊(以往稱為「當作已註冊」)的醫生。

1.2 一九九六年醫療衛生服務人力統計調查涵蓋的醫生共有8 069名,較一九九二年的統計調查(6 921名)增加16.6%。與一九八零年的3 230名醫生比較,每年平均增長率為5.9%。

1.3 根據紀錄,是項統計調查在一九八零至一九九六年期間所涵蓋的駐院實習醫生和正式註冊醫生的數目一直有所增加,但在一九八四年以後非駐院實習醫生和有限度註冊醫生的數目則有下降趨勢。

1.4 Of the 8 069 doctors covered, 6 180 had responded to the survey, giving an overall response rate of 76.6%. Among these responded doctors, 5 750 were practising in the medical profession whereas 430 were reported to be inactive with migration and retirement being the common reasons cited. Based on the data collected on the 5 750 enumerated personnel, their characteristics were analysed and the details were presented below.

1.5 Among the 5 750 doctors enumerated, 94.2% had been fully registered with the Medical Council. The corresponding shares of other types of doctors, in descending order, was 2.9% for interns, 2.6% for doctors with limited registration and 0.3% for externs.

1.6 Majority of the doctors enumerated worked in the Hospital Authority (HA) (48.0%) and the private sector (38.1%). Those working in the government accounted for 8.7% only.

1.7 A decreasing trend was observed in the proportion of male doctors, as indicated by the continuous decrease in the overall sex ratio from 472 (males per 100 females) in the 1982 HMS to 357 (males per 100 females) in the 1996 HMS.

1.8 The overall mean age of the doctors was 41.2, which was similar to the results of the previous rounds of HMS. Doctors with limited registration and those who held LMCHK were on average older whilst the interns were generally younger compared with other types of doctors.

## 2. Doctors with Full Registration

2.1 A total of 5 416 doctors with full registration were enumerated in the survey, of whom 47.6% worked in the HA, followed by the private sector (38.2%) and the government (9.2%).

2.2 65.6% of the doctors with full registration enumerated were locally trained. This percentage had been increasing gradually since the 1987 survey whilst the corresponding figures for those who held LMCHK and other basic qualifications recorded slight decreases.

1.4 在涵蓋的8 069名醫生當中，共有6 180名作出回應，整體回應率為76.6%，其中5 750名作出回應的為在職執業醫生，其餘430名據報因移民或退休等原因已停止執業。衛生署根據搜集所得的資料，就5 750名經點算醫生的特徵進行分析，得出以下結果。

1.5 在5 750名經點算的醫生當中，94.2%是醫務委員會正式註冊醫生，按遞減次序，其他類別的醫生所佔比率為駐院實習醫生佔2.9%，有限度註冊醫生佔2.6%，非駐院實習醫生佔0.3%。

1.6 大多數經點算的醫生於醫院管理局(48.0%)和私營機構(38.1%)工作，在政府任職者僅佔8.7%。

1.7 整體性別比率由一九八二年醫療衛生服務人力統計調查的472人（每百名女性的男性數目），持續下跌至一九九六年的357人（每百名女性的男性數目），顯示男性醫生的比例有下降的趨勢。

1.8 經點算的醫生的整體平均年齡為41.2歲，與以往的調查結果相若。有限度註冊醫生和香港醫務委員會執照(LMCHK)持有人的平均年齡較大，而駐院實習醫生一般較其他類別的醫生年輕。

## 2. 正式註冊醫生

2.1 是次統計調查經點算的正式註冊醫生共有5 416名，其中47.6%在醫院管理局任職，其次是在私營機構(38.2%)和政府(9.2%)任職。

2.2 65.6%經點算的正式註冊醫生曾在本地受訓，自一九八七年進行統計調查以來，這個比例逐漸增加，惟持有香港醫務委員會執照(LMCHK)及其他基本資歷人士的比例則略為下跌。

2.3 It was found that 55.9% of the doctors with full registration enumerated possessed higher qualification(s).

2.4 Among those doctors with full registration enumerated, 22.6% obtained their higher qualification(s) in internal medicine, followed by surgery (14.1%), and obstetrics and gynaecology (5.6%).

2.5 24.1% of the doctors with full registration enumerated worked mainly in the field of general practice, followed by internal medicine (11.7%) and surgery (8.0%).

### 3. Inter-sector Flow of Doctors with Full Registration Enumerated

3.1 For the 5 416 doctors with full registration enumerated, 4 310 reported to be practising locally in the medical profession as at 1.7.1992, of whom 10.3% had undergone inter-sector flow between 1.7.1992 and 1.7.1996.

3.2 On the other hand, 1 106 of the doctors with full registration enumerated reported to be not practising locally in the medical profession as at 1.7.1992. At that time, they were studying for the medical profession, working in the medical profession abroad or working in other professions etc. Among them, 66.8% joined the HA after 1.7.1992, followed by the private sector (17.9%) and the government (8.0%).

2.3 調查結果顯示，55.9%經點算的正式註冊醫生具備更高資歷。

2.4 在經點算的正式註冊醫生當中，具備內科更高資歷者佔22.6%，其次是外科(14.1%)和婦產科(5.6%)。

2.5 在經點算的正式註冊醫生當中，以普通科為主要執業範疇的佔24.1%，其次是內科(11.7%)和外科(8.0%)。

### 3. 經點算的正式註冊醫生在不同類型機構之間的轉職情況

3.1 在5 416名經點算的正式註冊醫生當中，4 310名據報於一九九二年七月一日為本地在職執業醫生，其中10.3%在一九九二年七月一日至一九九六年七月一日期間曾轉換任職的機構類型。

3.2 另一方面，1 106名經點算的正式註冊醫生據報於一九九二年七月一日並非在本港醫科業內執業，當時他們正攻讀醫科專業課程，或是在海外執業，或是從事其他行業等。當中有66.8%於一九九二年七月一日以後加入了醫院管理局工作，其次是加入私營機構(17.9%)和政府(8.0%)工作。