

## 2006 Health Manpower Survey on Chiropractors

### Key Findings

- The chiropractors covered in the 2006 HMS were chiropractors registered with the Chiropractors Council of Hong Kong under the Chiropractors Registration Ordinance (Chapter 428) as at the Survey reference date i.e. 31.8.2006.
- The number of chiropractors covered in the 2006 HMS was 88.
- Of the 88 registered chiropractors covered, 63 had responded to the Survey, giving an overall response rate of 71.6%. Of the 63 responding chiropractors, 59 (93.7%) were economically active\*<sup>†</sup> (active) while four (6.4%) reported to be economically inactive\*<sup>‡</sup> (inactive) in the local chiropractic profession (*See Chart*).
- Of the 59 active chiropractors, 58 (98.3%) were practising in the local chiropractic profession and one was waiting to take up new job in the local chiropractic profession during the 30 days before the Survey.
- The survey findings presented below were based on the 58 responding chiropractors who were practising in the local chiropractic profession as at 31.8.2006. As some questionnaires contained missing information, percentages presented below may not add up to 100%.
  - (i) Among the 58 active chiropractors enumerated, 46 (79.3%) were male and 12 (20.7%) were female, giving an overall sex ratio of 383 (males per 100 females). The median age of the 56 active chiropractors enumerated was 40.0 years.
  - (ii) Distribution by sector of the main job<sup>§</sup> showed that all the 58 active chiropractors enumerated were working in the private sector. Among them, 40 (69.0%) were in solo practice and 18 (31.0%) were in group practice.
  - (iii) The median hours of work (excluding meal breaks) per week of the 58 active chiropractors enumerated was 40.0 hours. Four (6.9%) chiropractors were required to undertake on-call duty in their posts, with a median of 16.0 hours of on-call duty (excluding normal duty) per week.
  - (iv) All the 58 active chiropractors spent most of their working time on service in chiropractic.
- The four inactive chiropractors reported practising overseas / in the Mainland (*See Chart*).

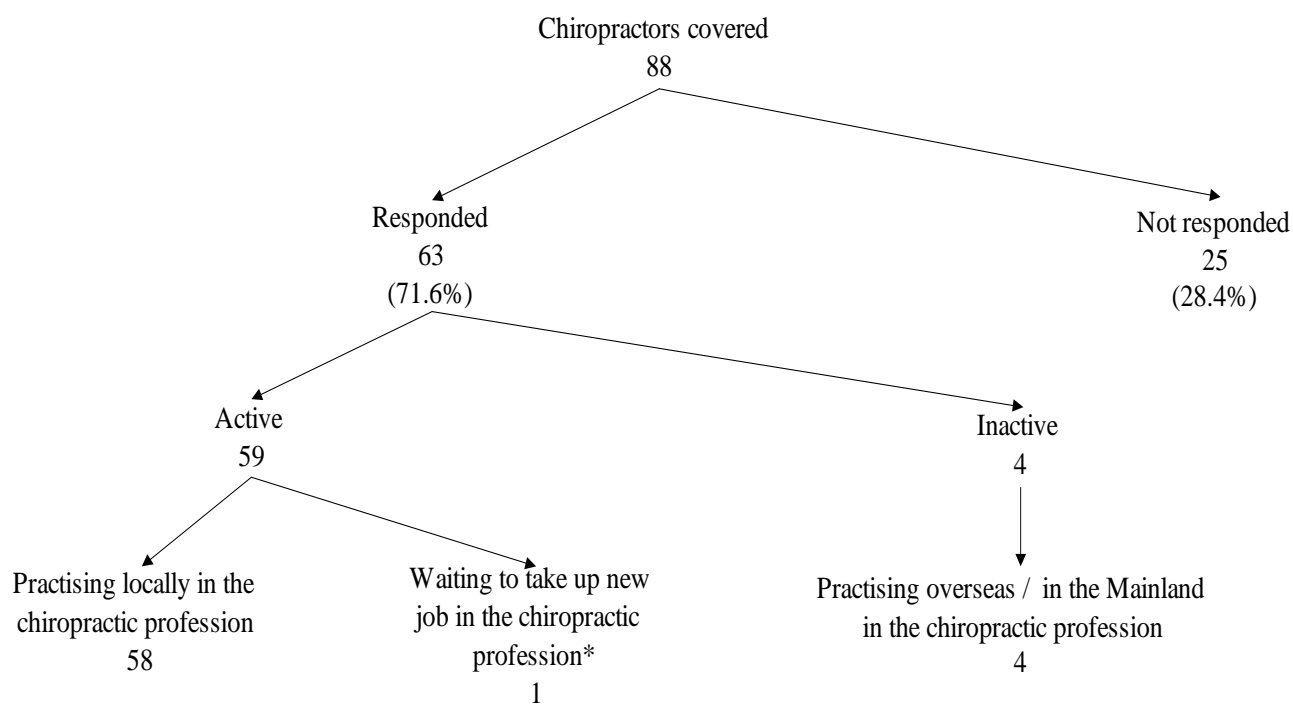
\* In the Survey, the criteria used in defining economically active/inactive followed those recommended by the International Labour Organization, which are also being used by the Census and Statistics Department in Hong Kong.

<sup>†</sup> “Economically active” chiropractors comprised all “employed” and “unemployed” chiropractors. “Employed” chiropractors referred to those chiropractors practising in the chiropractic profession in Hong Kong during the survey period, while “unemployed” chiropractor referred to the chiropractor who (a) was not practising in the chiropractic profession during the survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the Survey; and (c) was waiting to take up new job in the local chiropractic profession during the 30 days before the Survey.

<sup>‡</sup> “Economically inactive” chiropractors comprised the chiropractors who were not practising in the chiropractic profession in Hong Kong during the Survey period, but excluding those who had been on leave during the survey period and who were “unemployed”.

<sup>§</sup> Main job refers to the job in which the chiropractors had spent most of their working time.

## Activity Status of Chiropractors Covered



Note: \*Figure refers to the number of responding chiropractor who (a) was not practising in the chiropractic profession in Hong Kong during the Survey period; (b) had been available for work during the seven days before the Survey; and (c) was waiting to take up new job in the local chiropractic profession during the 30 days before the Survey.